



Regulatory and Policy Perspective on CCS in Denmark

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Danish Ministry of Climate,
Energy and Utilities

The Danish Ministry for Climate, Energy and Utilities and CCS

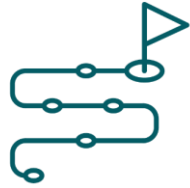
Parliamentary work

International work

Dialogue

CCS: a key climate tool

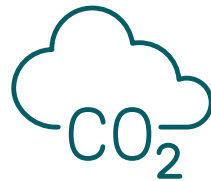
Regulatory framework



CCS is a key tool for meeting Denmark's 70% reduction target by 2030



CCS cannot and should not stand alone

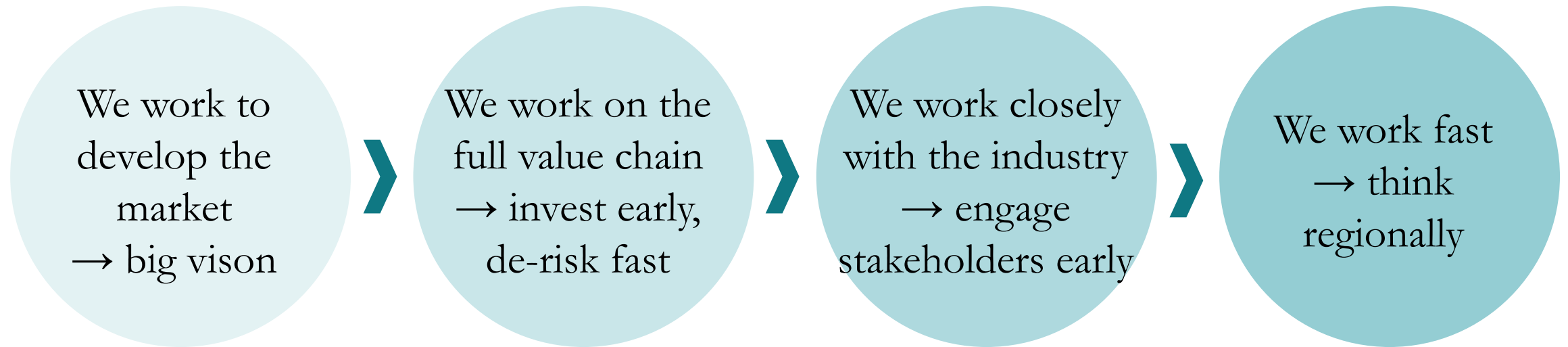


Important contribution to the Danish climate goals and ambitions



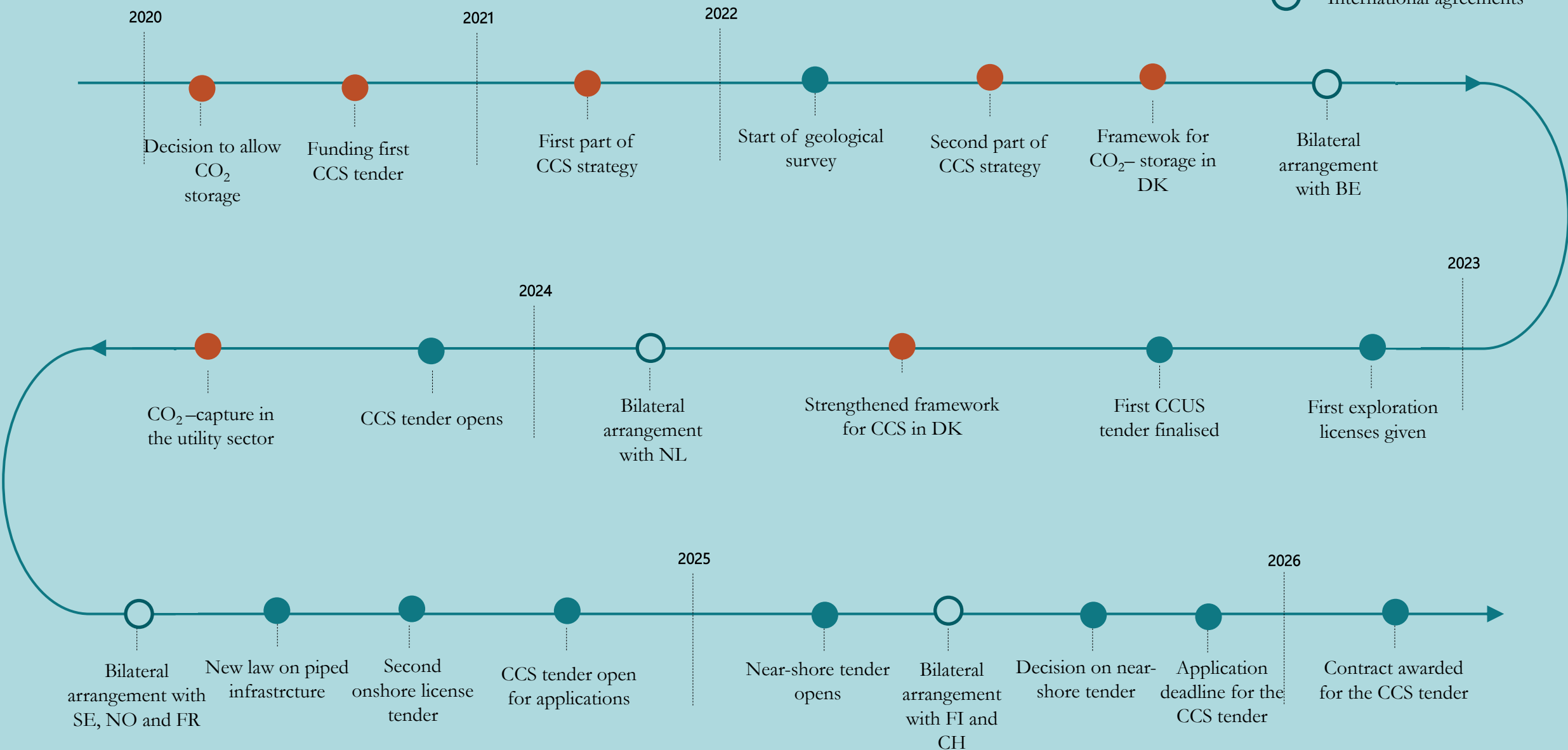
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The Danish approach to CCS



Policy Progress and Implementation: CCS in Denmark

- Implementation
- National agreements
- International agreements



Status on CCS

Towards becoming a European Hub for CO₂ storage

- Broad **political support** for CCS as a key climate tool – 1.8 mta. CO₂ by 2030.
- 10 **political agreements** in less than 5 years.
- 7 **bilateral arrangements** signed with Belgium, The Netherlands, Finland, France, Norway, Sweden, and Switzerland.
- 6 **projects with licenses for CO₂ storage** awarded onshore and offshore.
- 3 national **subsidy schemes** for full value chain projects (39 billion DKK approx. 5,2 billion EUR).

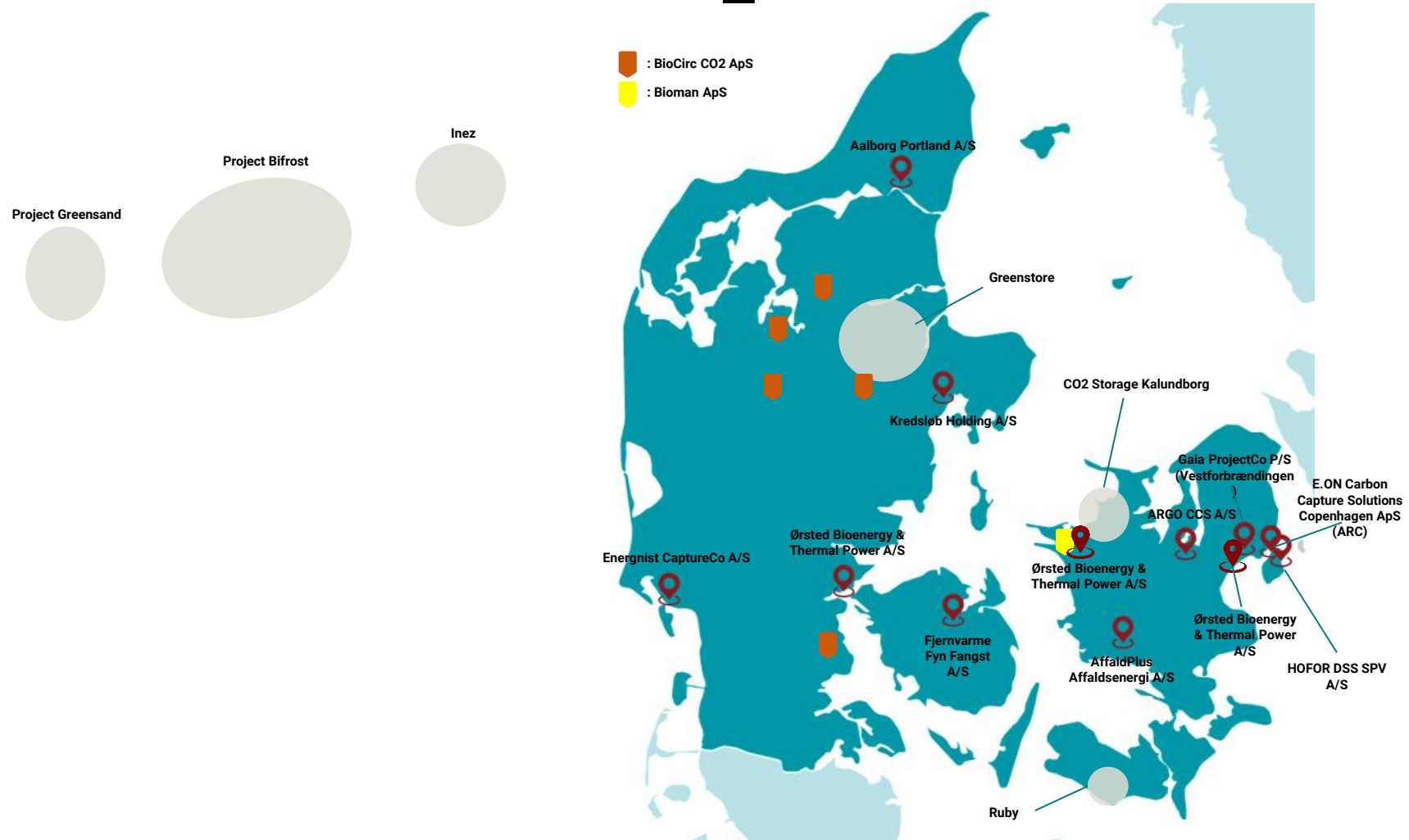


Overview of Danish subsidy schemes

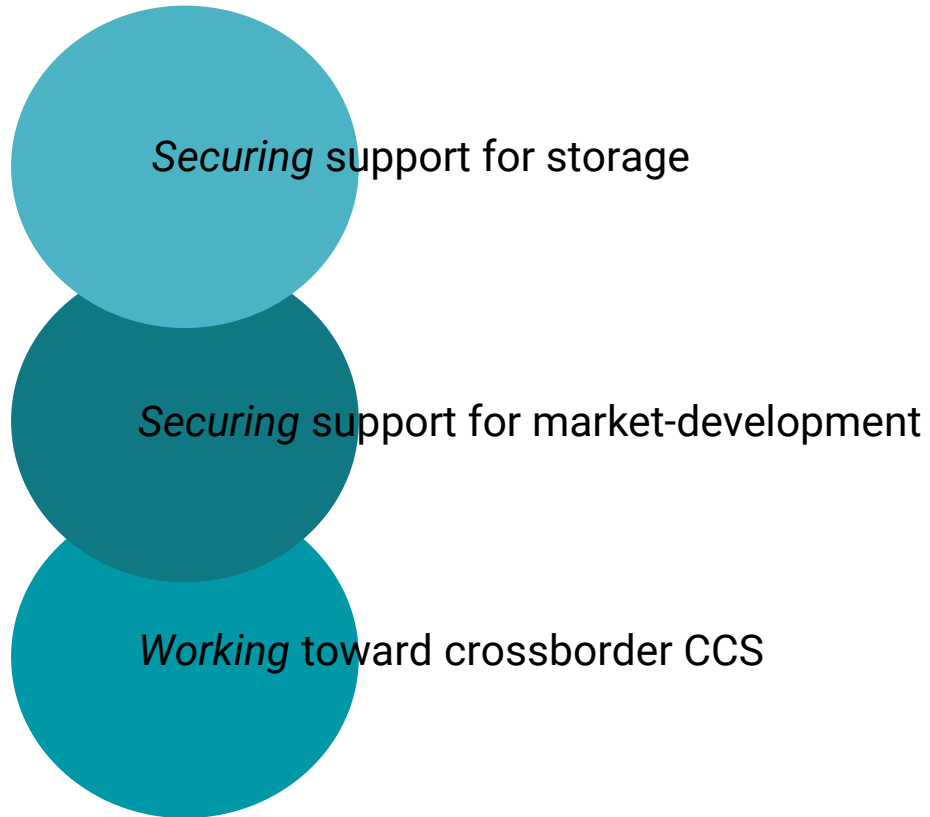
- Ørsted won the CCUS tender
~430.000 tonnes/yr
- NECCS tender won by biogas producers
~160.000 tonnes/yr
- Aalborg Portland won the CCS tender
~1.250.000 tonnes/yr
- Must be operational by 2030



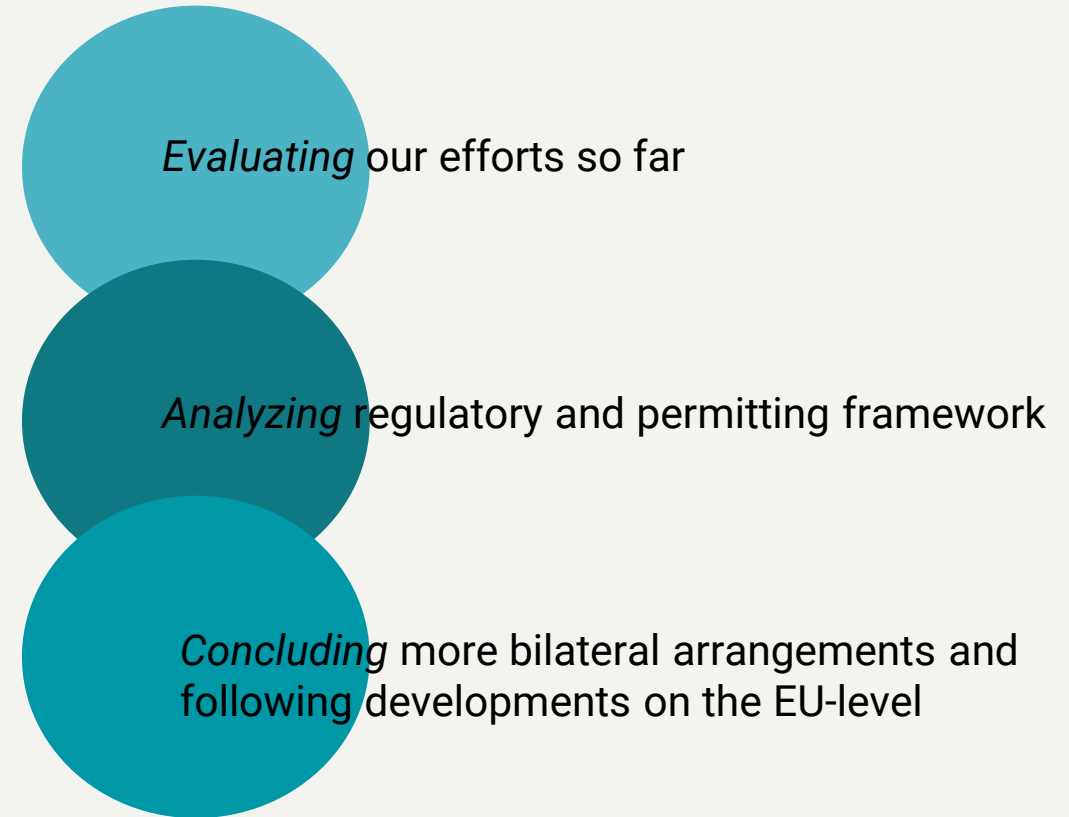
A European Hub for CO₂ storage



What are we looking towards?



What is our focus?



Thank you for your attention



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